DETERMINANTS OF STIMULATION OF ACTIVITY OF THE TERRITORIAL COMMUNITIES OF THE RIVNE REGION

Pyrtko M.S.
PhD student,
National University of Water and Environmental Engineering

The territorial community can be considered as a certain holistic object with certain clear needs. The needs of territorial communities should be shaped by the A. Maslow classical scheme. Not satisfying the needs of the lower level (life, spatial planning, infrastructure development, etc.), territorial communities can not go to the satisfaction of their higher levels (the establishment of educational, entertainment, cultural institutions, etc.). It is worthwhile to distinguish between the needs that are satisfied by the territorial communities themselves and those that are satisfied with the mediation of other organizations. In the Rivne region, the formation of territorial communities is disproportionate. Some districts have several territorial communities, while others have no more than two. Such low activity is primarily due to the financial and organizational failure of certain groups of people living compactly in certain areas to unite. Solving all the needs of the territorial communities lies in the economic sphere – their satisfaction requires significant financial resources. Information support is also an important condition for the development of territorial communities. The construction of an effective system for promoting the development of territorial communities should be based on the following principles: 1) the rules of conduct must be equally well-known, understandable, accessible to all process participants; 2) assumptions of the system can not be contradictory – pre-made decisions should not be dissonant with the following; 3) the system can not be fictitious, that is, it can not exist only on paper; 4) the system should take into account all the needs of the territorial communities.