Assessing methods of concentration and monopolization level of economy

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Economic processes in each market determine its structure; it is directly related to the definition of the competitive environment, its evaluation and research capacity restriction or development of competition.

Competition growing between producers is a major factor for consolidation and integration of the various entities, because it is one of the common ways to increase competitiveness, which in turn leads to increased market concentration.

Growing demands of the improving the accuracy of the concentration and monopolization of different markets helps to assess the impact of each particular market situation on the general economic development.

Set of the level of market concentration and monopolization requires the formation of a proper system of evaluation, market analysis, which should allow the antitrust authorities not only to control assess the market situation, but also to propose further actions and to promote the overall development of all undertakings on the market and the economy as a whole.

Methods of assessing the level of concentration and monopolization of the economy are considered in the article. The author examined the different measurement, identified their characteristics, advantages and disadvantages. Boundary concentration indicators were defined and some new boundary concentration indicators were proposed to add. Conditions of use of each coefficient were selected. Also, possible further regulation of markets was proposed based on the results analysis and depending on the market situation. The article discusses different methods of assessing the concentration and monopolization of the economy. Boundary concentration indicators are identified, and new boundary indicators are proposed. The features of using each tool are determined, and possible regulation is proposed.